

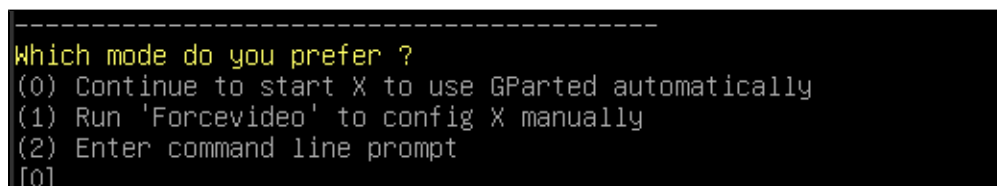
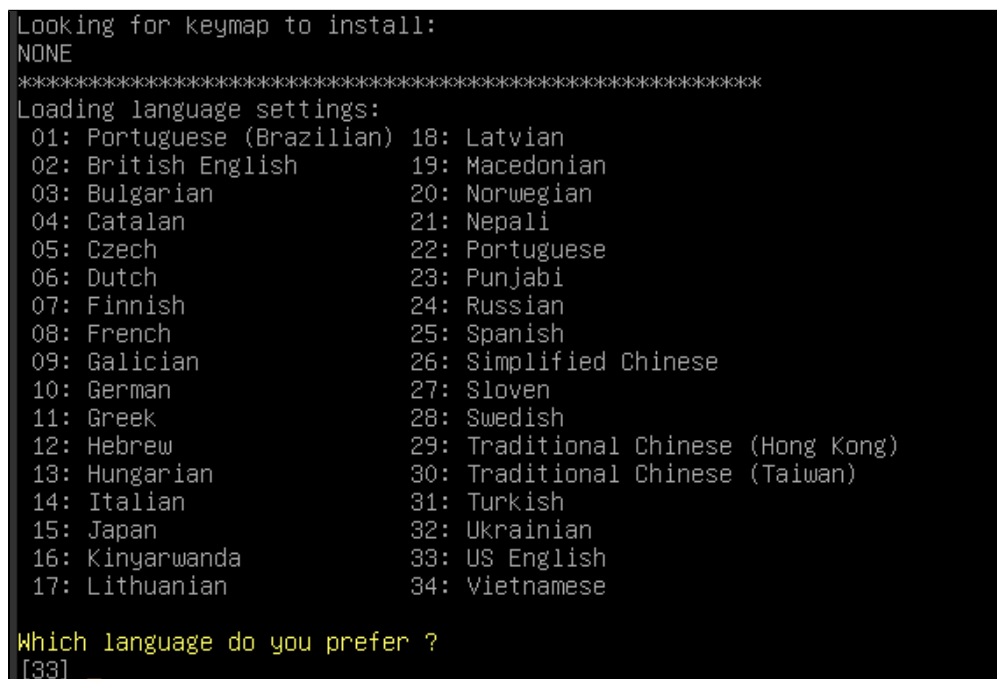
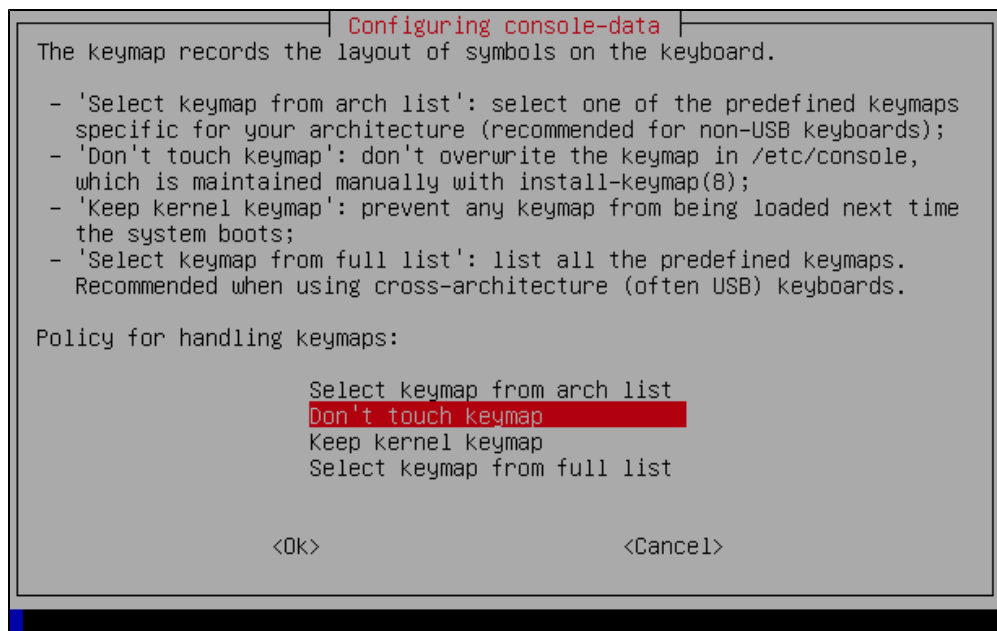
# How to change disk size after a VPS upgrade



In order to take advantage of the increased storage space after a VPS upgrade, you need to resize your partitions manually. You can do it using the Gparted graphic utility.

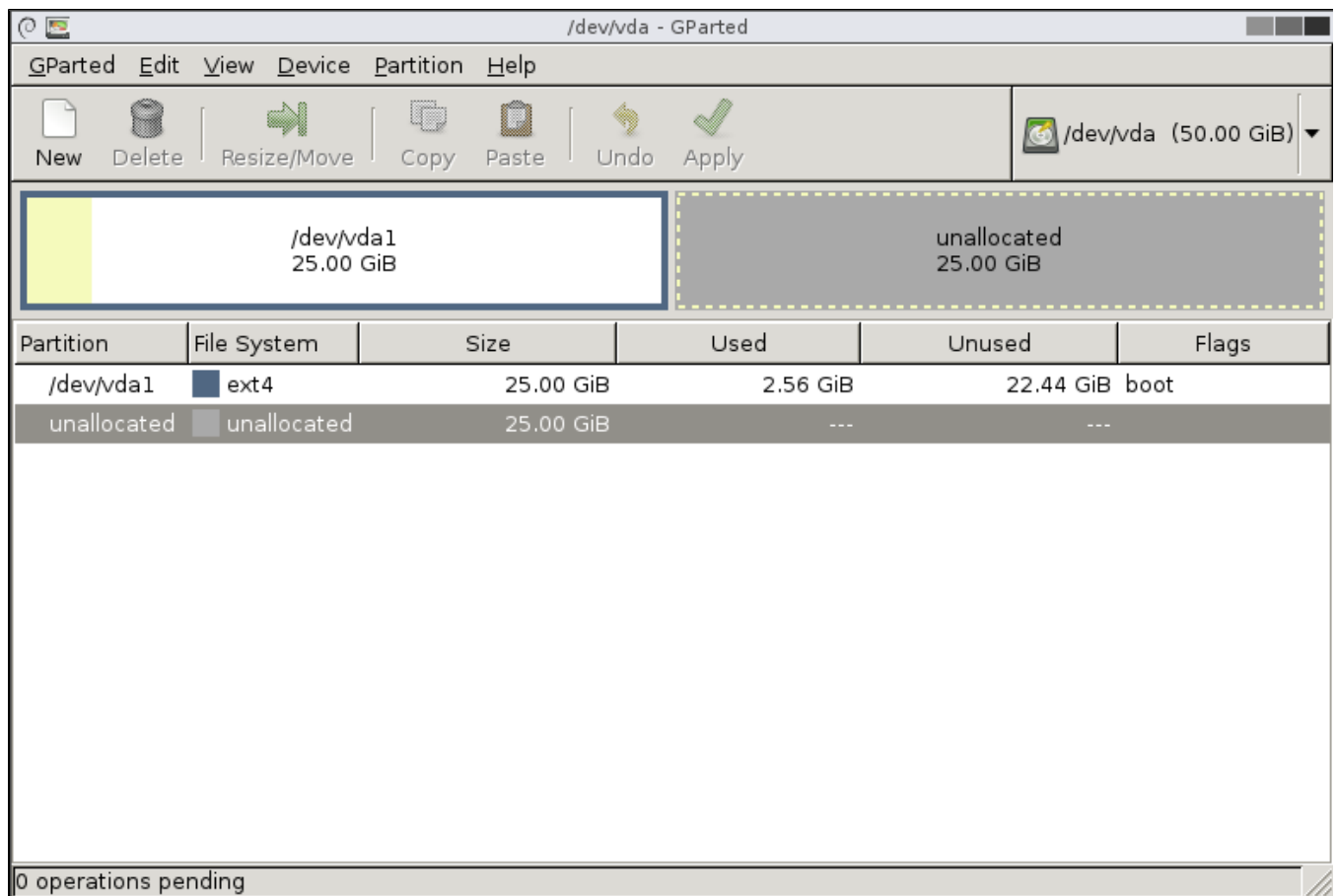
How to mount Gparted:

1. Log in to your [VPS Control Panel](#) with Control Panel Username and Control Panel Password you received by email
2. Click on the **CDRom tab**
3. Select '**Gparted 0.28.1**'
4. Click on the **Mount** button
5. Click on the **Settings** tab
6. Choose the '**(1) CDRom (2) Hard Disk**' type of Boot Order
7. Reboot your VPS by clicking '**Reboot**' button in your VPS Control Panel
8. After VPS reboot the system will boot into the **Gparted**. To access **Gparted** interface, use the VNC function on the main page, and select the **HTML5** option.

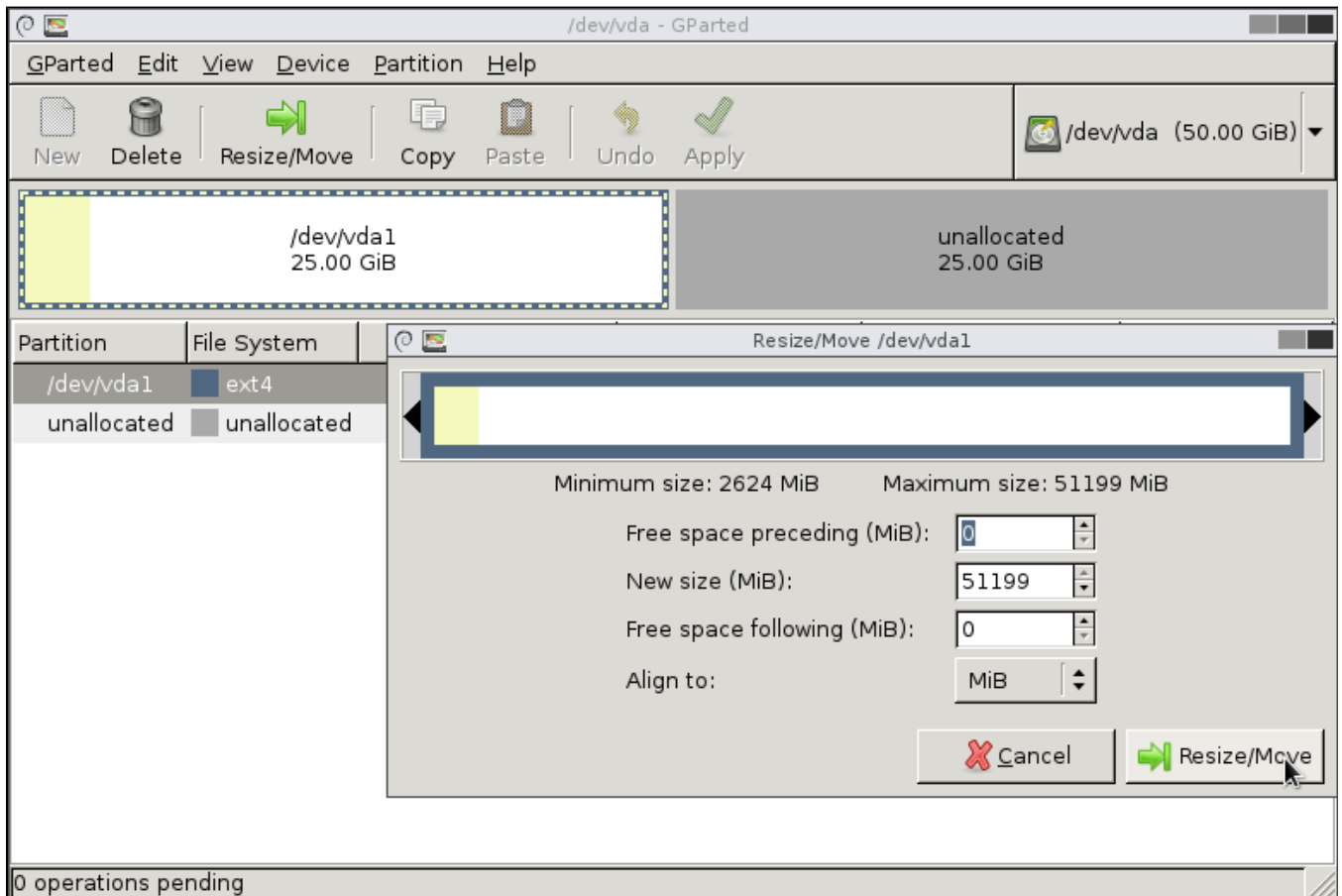


💡 Once you are in the GParted GUI, proceed to resizing the partition:

1. Select a partition.



2. Click on the Partition tab, choose **Resize/Move** and adjust the size of the partition. Specify the alignment of the partition and click on the Resize/Move button and click **Apply**



4. Reboot your VPS and do not forget to change **Boot Order** type to default '**(1) Hard Disk (2) CDRom**' in your VPS Control Panel.

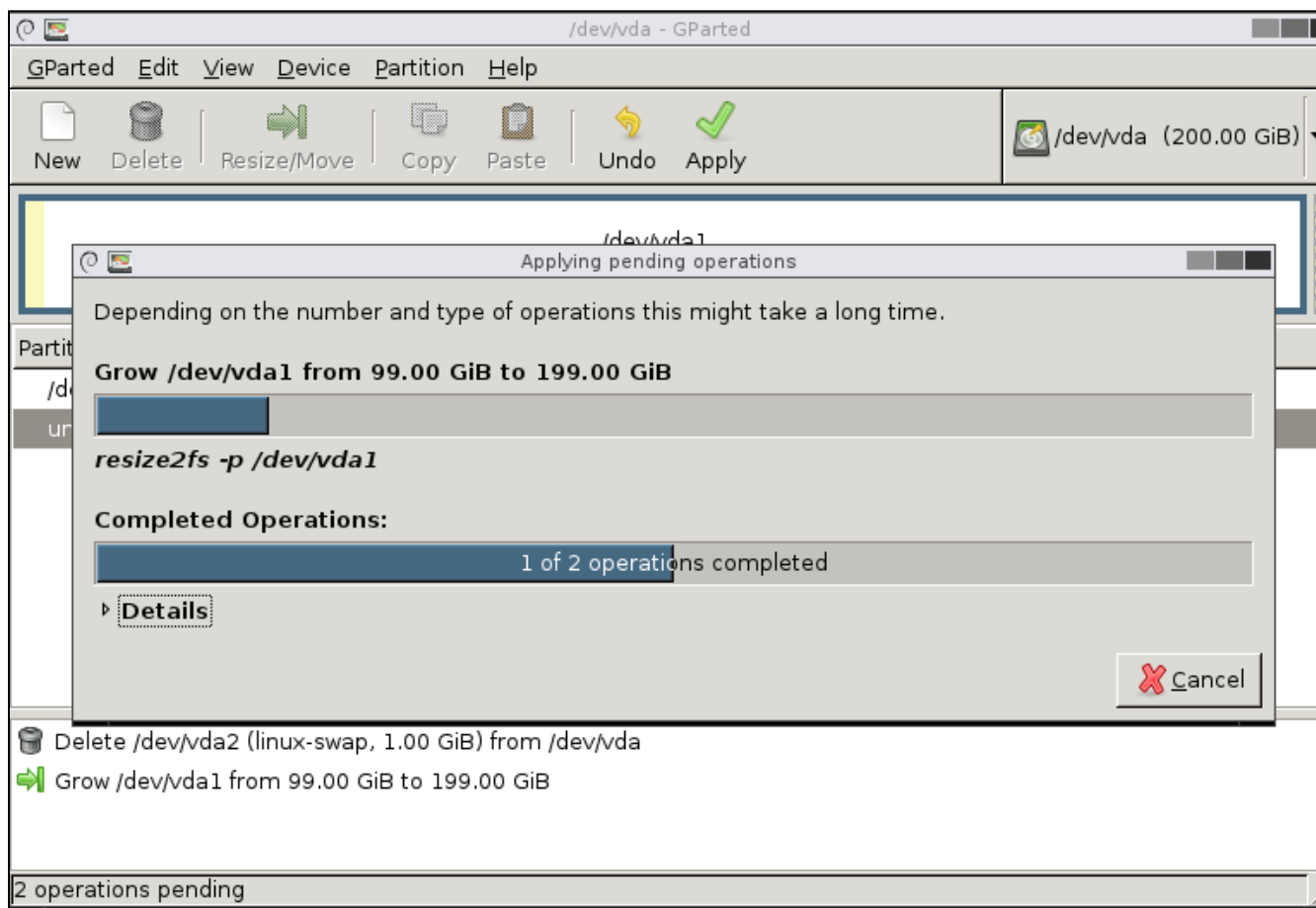
1. If you have a **SWAP** enabled in your system, you must delete the **SWAP** before partition resize.

The screenshot shows the GParted application window titled "/dev/vda - GParted". The menu bar includes GParted, Edit, View, Device, Partition, and Help. The toolbar contains icons for New, Delete, Resize/Move, Copy, Paste, Undo, and Apply. The main display area shows a disk layout with a yellow bar representing the /dev/vda1 partition (99.00 GiB) and a grey bar representing unallocated space (100.00 GiB). Below the main display is a table with the following data:

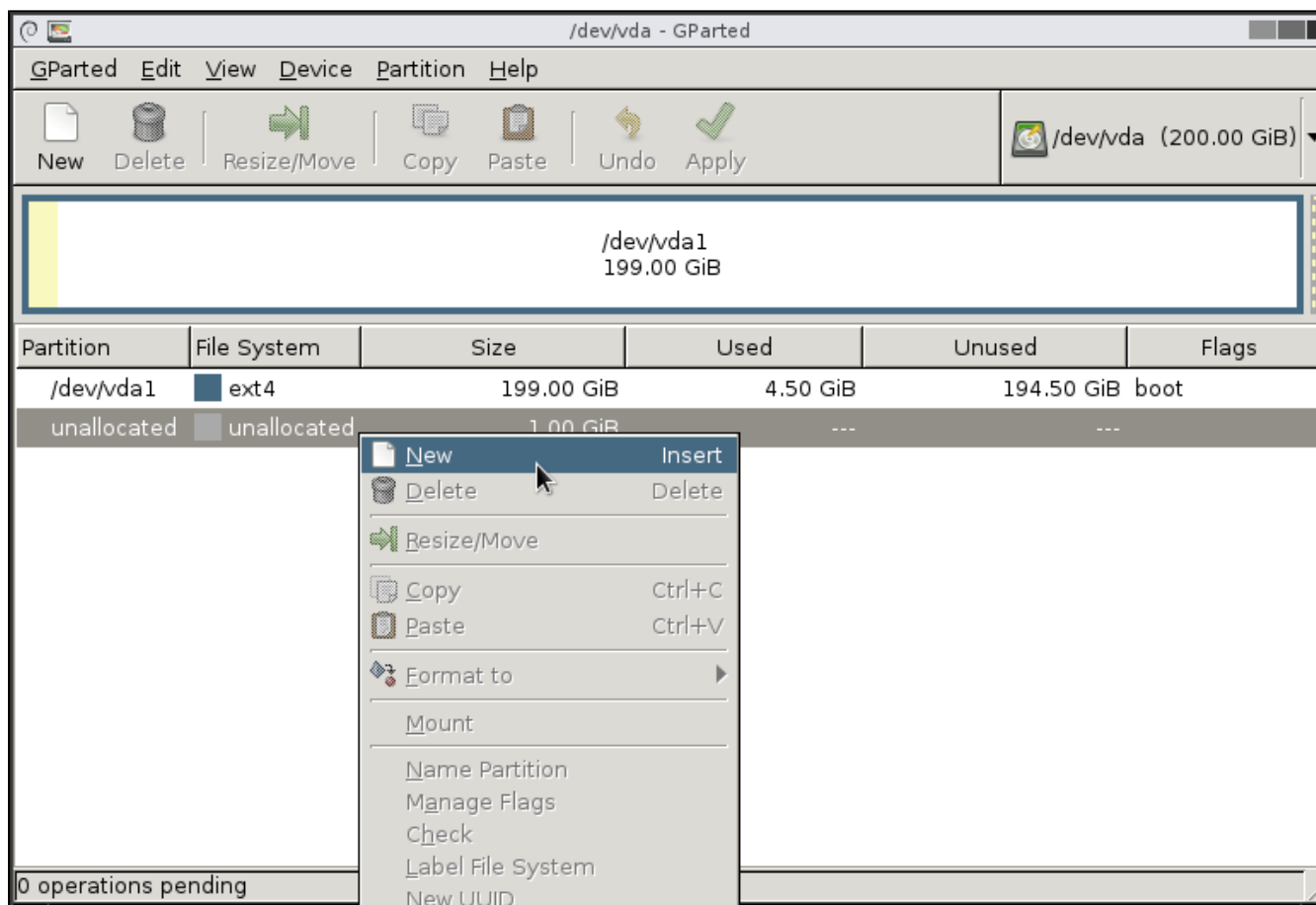
Partition	File System	Size	Used	Unused	Flags
/dev/vda1	ext4	99.00 GiB	2.96 GiB	96.03 GiB	boot
/dev/vda2	linux-swap	1.00 GiB	0.00 B	1.00 GiB	
unallocated	unallocated	100.00 GiB	---	---	

The status bar at the bottom of the window indicates "0 operations pending".

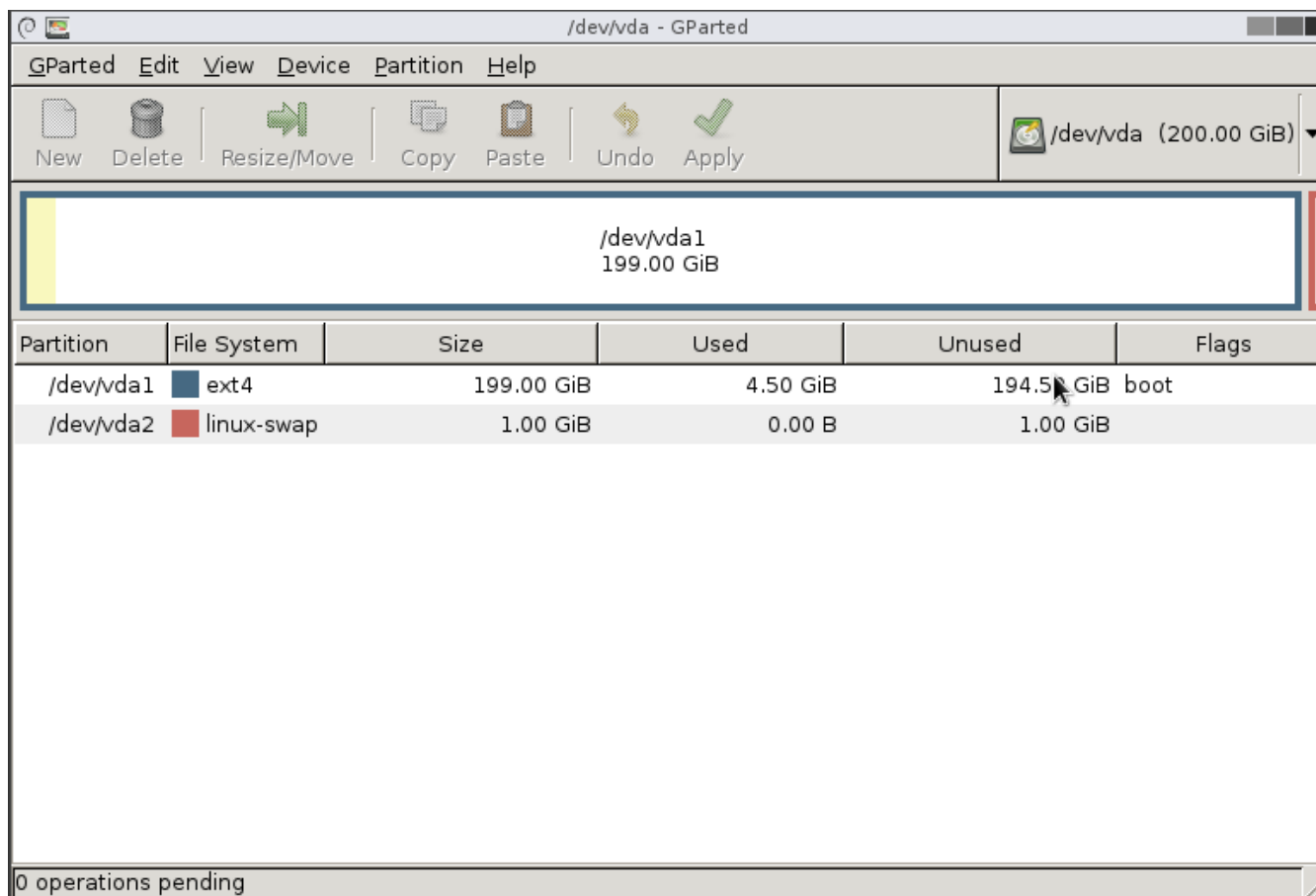
2. After deleting **SWAP**, click on the Partition tab, choose **Resize/Move** and adjust the size of the partition, leaving the required amount of disk space for a SWAP partition. Click **Apply**.



4. Choose an **unallocated** partition and create a new one by specifying the **linux-swap** file system. Click **Apply**.



5. **Done.** Reboot your VPS and do not forget to change **Boot Order** type to default '**(1) Hard Disk (2) CDRom**' in your VPS Control Panel.



⚠ In case you have more than one partition (i.e. main partition and swap), they will initially be next to each other, which will prevent you from extending the main partition into the unpartitioned space. In this situation all you have to do is to move the last partition(s) to the very end of the unpartitioned space and then extend the main partition to fill the gap